

ECOLOGY
2004 GEORGIA REGIONAL
TRIAL EVENT

Participant(s): _____

Directions: When answering a multiple choice question, circle the letter preceding the phrase that you believe to be the correct response.

1. What are the main conditions that determine the plant life of a given biome?
 - A. rainfall and temperature
 - B. rainfall and sunlight
 - C. sunlight and temperature
 - D. altitude and temperature

2. Which of the following levels of study in ecology includes all the others listed?
 - A. population
 - B. organism
 - C. ecosystem
 - D. community

3. The carrying capacity of a population is
 - A. number of individuals in that population
 - B. number of individuals that can be supported by available resources
 - C. constant for all populations
 - D. fixed for humans only

4. Why are food chains usually relatively short? _____

5. Which trophic level will have the largest number of individuals?
 - A. secondary consumer
 - B. primary consumer
 - C. primary producer

6. Which of the following is an example of a population?
 - A. all of the organisms on campus
 - B. all of the animals on campus
 - C. all of the plants on campus
 - D. all the squirrels within 1 km of this building

7. Which of the following will usually happen in stabilizing selection?
 - A. The trait will become more clustered around the mean.
 - B. The trait will become more clustered around one extreme.
 - C. The trait will become more clustered around both extremes.
 - D. The trait will become evenly distributed among all individuals.

8. An organism that makes its own food is considered a(n)
 - A. primary producer
 - B. primary consumer
 - C. secondary consumer
 - D. decomposer

9. Which organism is least likely to be found in a coniferous forest?
 - A. deer
 - B. wood tick
 - C. prairie dog
 - D. rabbit

An ecologist studied the number of organisms in an area over a three year period and obtained the following results:

Year	Rabbits	Owls	Coyotes
1	220	15	1
2	140	16	0
3	115	14	5

Directions: For the following questions, pick from the following choices

- A. increase in owl population
- B. decrease in owl population
- C. migration of coyotes into area
- D. decrease in number of producers in area

10. What is the best explanation for the decrease in rabbit population from year 1 to year 2?

11. What is best explanation for decrease in rabbit population from year 2 to year 3?

12. By what percent did rabbit population decrease from year 1 to year 3?

Directions: Match the plant with the most likely biome to find it. There is only one answer per biome.

- | Biome | Plant |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 13. _____ Taiga | A. cactus |
| 14. _____ Tundra | B. grasses |
| 15. _____ Savanna | C. oak, other hardwoods |
| 16. _____ Tropical rain forest | D. pine trees |
| 17. _____ Desert | E. reindeer moss |
| 18. _____ Chaparral | F. small bushes with waxy leaves |
| 19. _____ Temperate deciduous forest | G. answer not given |

Directions: Use the following information in the chart to answer the questions that follow.

Organisms A, B, C, D, are counted in three different areas, and the results appear below.

Area	# A	# B	#C	# D
1	17	6	1	2
2	15	8	9	1
3	8	9	15	9
Total	40	23	25	12

20. What percent of organisms in area 2 are Type A?

21. What percent of the total organisms are Type C?

22. Which area has the greatest biodiversity?
